

COPY.

National American Woman Suffrage Association.

MEMBER NATIONAL COUNCIL OF WOMEN.

Honorary President, ELIZABETH CADY STANTON, 26 West 61st Street, New York.

Honorary President, SUSAN B. ANTHONY, 17 Madison Street, Rochester, N. Y.

President, CARRIE CHAPMAN CATT,
2008 American Tract Society Building, New York.

Vice-President-at-Large, REV. ANNA H. SHAW,
1830 Diamond Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Corresponding Secretary, RACHEL FOSTER AVERY,
Philadelphia, Pa.

Recording Secretary, ALICE STONE BLACKWELL,
3 Park Street, Boston, Mass.

Treasurer, HARRIET TAYLOR UPTON,
Warren, Ohio.

Auditors { LAURA CLAY, Lexington, Ky.
CATHARINE WAUGH McCULLOCH,
The Rookery, Chicago, Ill.

NATIONAL HEADQUARTERS, 2008 AMERICAN TRACT SOCIETY BUILDING, N. Y.

OFFICE OF HONORARY PRESIDENT, ROCHESTER, N. Y.

COPY.

May 24, 1900.

To the President, Officers and Delegates

of the American Unitarian Association,

in session at Boston, Mass., May 25-26.

My Dear Friends: --

As chairman of the committee appointed by our national suffrage association to address letters to all of the large conventions held during this last year of the nineteenth century, allow me to bring before you the great need of the recognition of the women of this nation in all of the rights, privileges and immunities of United States citizenship.

The utter powerlessness of the religious world in governmental affairs is frequently commented upon by both the church and the secular press. Permit me to call your attention to the cause of this fact. Nearly every money-making enterprise, large or small, is owned and conducted by men. The great monopolies -- railroad, coal, oil, sugar, liquor, tobacco, etc. -- have their agents and attorneys at Washington and at every state capital not only to secure laws in their favor, but to prevent the passage of any which would be inimical to their interests. In addition to the capitalists themselves the vast majority of their employes, being men, are voters, so that these corporations can put into one of the political scales the weight of both money and ballots. On the other hand, the churches, the charities, the schools, the reforms, though generally officered by men, count but a very small minority of voters in their member-

ship, however large that may be. It is therefore but a very simple problem in mathematics to show that if you put all the great material interests into one scale with votes, and all the great moral and spiritual interests into the other practically without votes, the latter must kick the beam. The representatives in any legislative body have no alternative -- they must comply with the demands of those who gave and can take away their positions.

It is generally admitted that we stand at a moral deadlock. While it is possible to secure some enactments for the suppression of drunkenness and immorality, such laws are virtually dead letters on the statute-books of every State in the Union. This is so not because good men do not try to have good laws enforced, but because there are not enough such men to make a balance of power sufficiently strong to re-elect officers who have faithfully discharged their duties. Since all classes of men are now voters, there is no possible way of obtaining this needed balance of power except by the enfranchisement of women, who already form the vast majority of members in every educational, reform or religious association. But it surely is not necessary for me to argue this point with those whose life-work it is to study how to better the conditions of the world.

Will you not have introduced into your meeting, discussed and adopted, a resolution in favor of woman suffrage, and also have your officers, on behalf of the Association, sign a petition asking Congress for the submission of a Sixteenth Amendment to the United States Constitution, prohibiting the disfranchisement of United States citizens on account of sex?

Enclosed is a form of petition. Please make two copies of it on your own official paper, if adopted, and return both to me after they are signed. Kindly send me also a copy of the suffrage resolution, should

one be passed. In any case, I shall consider it a favor to be informed of whatever action is taken by the Association upon these requests.

Trusting that the churches represented in your Association will give the weight of their influence on the side of justice and equality for women, I am,

Very sincerely yours,